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5	Attorney for Defendant Safeway Inc.				
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9	SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
10	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA				
11					
12 13	THEADORA KING, individually, and on behalf of those similarly situated,	CASE NO. RG08365602			
14	Plaintiff,	NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
15	v.	CHILD STATES DISTRICT COURT			
16	SAFEWAY INC.,	Honorable Cecilia P. Castellanos			
17	·				
18	Defendant.				
19	TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLE	ED COURT AND TO PLAINTIFF AND			
20	HER ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:				
21	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a removal of the above-entitled action from the Superior				
22	Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda to the United States District Court for				
23	the Northern District of California was filed with the United States District Court for the				
24	Northern District Court of California on February 19, 2008.				
25 26	A copy of said Notice of Removal of Action under 28 U.S.C. § 1441, together with all				
26	papers filed therewith, is attached hereto as Exhibit A and is incorporated fully herein by				
28	reference.				
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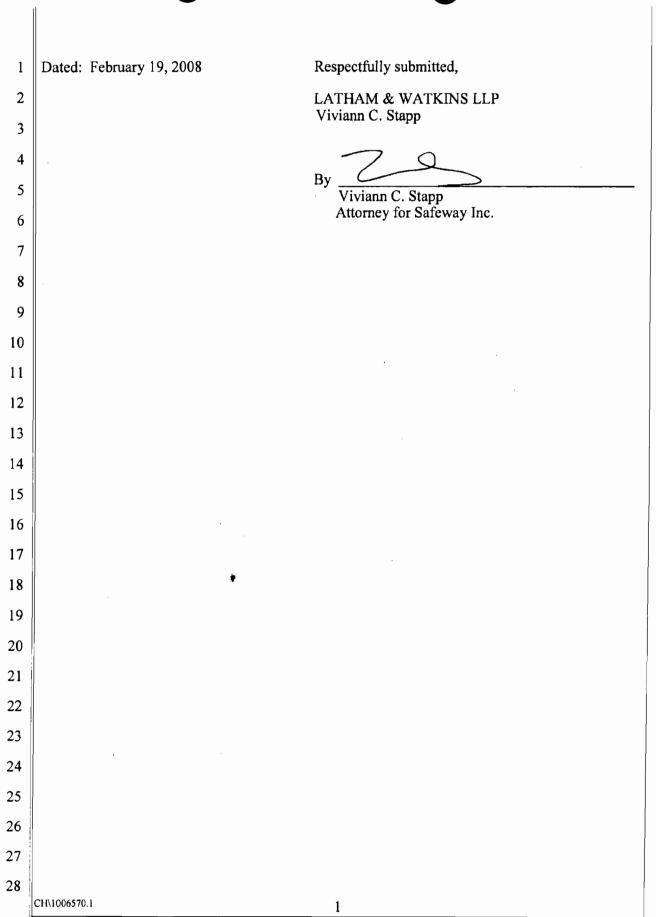


EXHIBIT A

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Safeway Inc.'s Notice of Removal

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Defendant Safeway Inc. ("Safeway"), by its counsel, hereby gives notice of removal of this action, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441, 1446 and 1453, from the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

I. BACKGROUND

- On January 11, 2008, Plaintiff Theadora King ("Plaintiff") filed a 1. class action complaint in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda styled King, et al. v. Safeway Inc., Case No. RG08365602. Plaintiff personally served Safeway on January 17, 2008. A true copy of the Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- The Complaint asserts violations of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 2. et seq. (Unfair Competition Law), 17500 et seq. (False Advertising) and Civil Code §§ 1750 et seq. (Consumer Legal Remedies Act), along with breach of warranty, negligent misrepresentation and unjust enrichment claims. See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶¶ 40-72 The Complaint alleges that Safeway marketed organic milk produced by Aurora Dairy Corporation that purportedly did not meet the standards of organic certification under federal law, including the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 ("OFPA"), 7 U.S.C. § 6501 et seg., and its implementing regulations, 7 C.F.R. Part 205. See id. at ¶¶ 23-32. Plaintiff filed her Complaint after several other class actions were filed with substantially the same allegations. See Local Rule 3-13 Notice of Pendency of Other Actions or Proceedings, Ex. 2 hereto, and filed concurrently with this Notice of Removal.

II. **GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL**

3. Plaintiff's claims are removable because the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA") provides this Court with jurisdiction. See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d),

Due to the "necessarily federal" nature of Plaintiff's Complaint, alternate grounds for removal may also exist, namely federal question jurisdiction based on principles of complete preemption. See 28 U.S.C. § 1331; see also, e.g., Franchise Tax Board of Cal. v. Construction Laborers Vacation Trust for Southern Cal., 463

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1453. CAFA extends federal jurisdiction over class actions where: (1) any member of the proposed class is a citizen of a state different from any defendant (i.e., minimal diversity exists); (2) the putative class consists of more than 100 members; and (3) the amount in controversy is \$5 million or more, aggregating all claims and exclusive of interests and costs. See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2), 1332(d)(5)(B).² Each of these requirements is readily met here. See disc. infra at 2-5.

Minimal Diversity A.

- 4. Plaintiff defines her proposed class as "[a]ll persons in the State of California who purchased organic milk or milk products from Safeway during the time period of December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007." See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶ 33. Plaintiff's class definition does not restrict the class to California citizens. See id. Courts, in turn, have held that substantially identical class definitions support the existence of minimal diversity. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A); McMorris v. TJX Companies, Inc., 493 F. Supp. 2d 158, 162-64 (D. Mass. 2007); Larsen v. Pioneer Hi-Bred Intern., Inc., No. 4:06-cv-0077-JAJ, 2007 WL 3341698, at *4-5 (S.D. Iowa Nov. 9, 2007).
- 5. In addition, Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California. See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶ 11. Safeway is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in the State of California and, thus, is a dual citizen of Delaware and California. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1). Because Safeway is a Delaware

²³ ...continued) U.S. 1 (1983). Safeway plainly has independent grounds for removal under CAFA and, thus, has not raised preemption principles at this time as a basis for removal. 24 See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d), disc. infra at 2-5. Safeway, however, reserves the right to raise issues of complete preemption, as well as the applicability of other preemption principles, in support of a motion to dismiss at the appropriate time. 25

A "class action" includes any civil action filed under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 or "similar State statute or rule of judicial procedure." See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(1)(B).

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citizen and Plaintiff is a California citizen, minimal diversity exists. See 28 U.S.C.

§ 1332(d)(2)(A); Hart v. FedEx Ground Package System Inc., 457 F.3d 675, 676

Document 4

(7th Cir. 2006) (recognizing the Class Action Fairness Act requires only minimal

diversity under Article III of the Constitution); Grupo Dataflux v. Atlas Global

Group, L.P., 541 U.S. 567, 578 n.6 (2004) ("We understand "minimal diversity" to

mean the existence of at least one party who is diverse in citizenship from one

party on the other side of the case, even though the extraconstitutional "complete

diversity" required by our cases is lacking. It is possible...that one can have

opposing parties in a two-party case who are co-citizens, and yet have minimal

Article III jurisdiction because of the multiple citizenship of one of the parties.").

6. However, out of an abundance of caution, Safeway submits the declaration of Laura A. Donald attesting to facts supporting that it is more probable than not that at least one potential class member exists that is not a citizen of California. See Donald Decl., Ex. 3 hereto, at ¶¶ 3, 5. Safeway has many stores in California which are close to, or encroach upon, the borders of other states. See id. at ¶ 5. These stores obtained organic milk supplied by Aurora through Safeway's distribution center in California, and citizens of other states purchase organic milk from these stores. See id. Thus, it is more probable than not that at least one class member exists who was a "person[] in the State of California who purchased organic milk or milk products from Safeway" but who was not a California citizen. See id. at ¶¶ 3, 5; Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶ 33. Consequently, minimal diversity exists under the Class Action Fairness Act. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A).

В. **Number Of Class Members**

7. Plaintiff brings this case on behalf of "[a]ll persons in the State of California who purchased organic milk or milk products from Safeway during the time period of December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007." See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶ 33. In addition, Plaintiff alleges "that the Class consists of many

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thousands of persons." See id. at ¶ 34. Therefore, the requirement of CAFA that the putative class consist of more than 100 members is readily satisfied. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(5)(B).

C. Amount In Controversy

Case 3:08-cv-00999-MMC

- 8. The amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million. Plaintiff has expressly plead that she seeks injunctive relief as well as "actual, compensatory, punitive, and exemplary damages," and Plaintiff demands that Safeway disgorge the benefit realized as a result of Plaintiff and other Class members purchasing organic milk that was purportedly not properly classified as organic under federal law. See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶¶ 54-59, Prayer for Relief. Specifically, the Complaint defines the "benefit" received by Safeway as the "prices Plaintiff and the other Class members paid" for organic milk and milk products during the proposed Class Period (i.e., December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007). See id. at ¶ 54. Moreover, Plaintiff alleges that Safeway sold organic milk and milk products produced by Aurora Dairy Corporation ("Aurora") that purportedly was not "organic" as defined by federal law. See Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶¶ 23-32.
- 9. Safeway sold more than \$5 million worth of Aurora organic milk in California during the Class Period, as measured by the retail price potential class members would have paid. See Donald Decl., Ex. 3 hereto, at ¶¶ 2, 4; Compl., Ex. 1 hereto, at ¶ 54. Thus, the amount in controversy in this case exceeds the statutory requirement of \$5 million. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2).
- 10. Plaintiff bears the burden of showing that an exception to CAFA jurisdiction applies. See, e.g., Serrano v. 180 Connect, Inc., 478 F.3d 1018, 1021-22 (9th Cir. 2007). No such exception, however, applies here. See id. at 1022-23.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE REMOVAL STATUTE AND LOCAL RULES

11. The Notice of Removal was properly filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, because the Superior Court of

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the State of California for the County of Alameda is located in this judicial district. See 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a).

- 12. Pursuant to Local Rule 3-5, assignment of this case to the San Francisco Division is appropriate. The Complaint purports to assert claims that allegedly arose throughout the State of California. See, e.g., Compl., Ex. 1 hereto. at ¶¶ 14-33. Thus, assignment to the San Francisco Division is proper under Local Rule 3-2(c). See also Local Rules 3-2(b), 3-2(d).
- The Notice of Removal is signed pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal 13. Rules of Civil Procedure. See 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a).
- Plaintiff personally served Safeway on January 17, 2008. See 14. Summons and Proof of Service, Ex. 4 hereto. Accordingly, this Notice of Removal is timely under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b), as it is filed within 30 days of service. See id.; F. R. Civ. P. 6(a).
- 15. Consent to federal jurisdiction is not necessary given that the basis for federal jurisdiction is CAFA. See 28 U.S.C. § 1453(b) ("A class action may be removed to a district court of the United States in accordance with section 1446...except that such action may be removed by any defendant without the consent of all defendants.").
- 16. Pursuant to Local Rule 3-13, Safeway has filed with its Notice of Removal as Exhibit 2 a Notice of Pendency of Other Actions or Proceedings.
- 17. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), a copy of all process, pleadings and orders served upon Safeway in this action, which papers include the Complaint and Summons, are attached. See Exs. 1, 4 hereto.
- 18. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), a copy of this Notice of Removal is being served upon counsel for Plaintiff and a copy, along with a Notice of Filing of the Notice of Removal, is being field with the Clerk of the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda.

Dated: February 19, 2008

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IV. **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, Safeway respectfully requests that this Court exercise jurisdiction over this action and enter orders and grant relief as may be necessary to secure removal and to prevent further proceedings in this matter in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda. Safeway further requests such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT SAFEWAY INC.

LATHAM & WATKINS LLP Viviann C. Stapp (Bar No. 233036) 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000 San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 391-0600 Facsimile: (415) 395-8095

Email: viviann.stapp@lw.com

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EXHIBIT 1

		6047655			
1 2 3	Shana E. Scarlett (217895) HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 202 Berkeley, CA 94710 Telephone: (510) 725-3000 Facsimile: (510) 725-3001 shanas@hbsslaw.com	ALAMEDA COUNTY JAN I I 2008 OLERK OF THE SPERIOR COURT BO MILL DOPUTY			
5 6 7 8	Steve W. Berman HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 1301 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900 Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 623-7292 Facsimile: (206) 623-0594 steve@hbsslaw.com				
9 10 11 12	Elizabeth A. Fegan HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 820 North Boulevard, Suite B Oak Park, IL 60301 Telephone: (708) 776-5600 Facsimile: (708) 776-5601 beth@hbsslaw.com				
13 14 15	Attorneys for Plaintiff SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
16 17 18	COUNTY OF A THEADORA KING, individually and on behalf) of all others similarly situated,	No. 440836 5602			
19 20 21	v. SAFEWAY, INC.,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT			
22 23 24	Defendant.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED			
25 26 27 28					

Plaintiff Theadora King, by counsel, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated ("Plaintiff") tenders the following Class Action Complaint and Demand for Jury Trial:

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OVERVIEW

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1. This class action and representative action seeks relief on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of the Class for injuries sustained by them as a result of Safeway, Inc.'s ("Safeway") deceptive marketing of milk as organic when the milk is not, in fact, organic and Safeway's increase in gross sales and sales price.

- 2. During the Class Period, Defendant, which is one of the largest food and drug retailers in North America, violated its duty to inform customers that the "O"-label organic milk is not organic. Defendant's nondisclosure of this material fact constitutes misrepresentation, unfair, unlawful, fraudulent, and/or deceptive business practices in violation of California's consumer protection laws. The materiality of this information is proven directly by federal and state regulations which, at all relevant times, required Defendant to inform consumers that milk that they were purchasing was not organic. Defendant flagrantly violated and, in some cases, continue to violate these regulations.
- 3. As a result of Defendant's misbranding, concealment and nondisclosure, customers are misled to purchase the organic milk and/or to pay a greater price than they would otherwise pay. Defendant has been unjustly enriched at the expense of these consumers.
- 4. This is a class action and a representative action brought by Plaintiff, who purchased organic milk from Defendant in the State of California during the Class Period.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over this representative action pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17204 and 17535. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties because Plaintiff submits to the jurisdiction of the Court and Defendant Safeway, Inc.'s principal place of business is located in Pleasanton, California, and a substantial portion of the wrongdoing alleged in this Complaint took place in California, so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by California courts permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

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- 8. This litigation may not removed to federal court under 28 U.S.C. § 1332 as amended by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, because the members of the Plaintiff Class are citizens of the same state, California, as Defendant. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A). Further, Plaintiffs assert no federal question and/or violations of federal law.
- 9. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17204 and 17535 and Civ. Code § 1780 (c) because Defendant conducts business in the County of Alameda and in the State of California, including marketing, advertising, and sales directed to California residents. Further, at all times mentioned in this Complaint, Defendant made misrepresentations and material omissions to residents of the County of Alameda and the State of California.
 - The amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional minimum of this Court. 10.

III. **PARTIES**

- 11. Plaintiff Theadora King is a resident of Alameda County, California and a citizen of the State of California. Plaintiff purchased the store-brand organic milk from Defendant Safeway at its stores in California on numerous occasions throughout the class period. This milk was produced by Aurora Dairy Corp. and branded as a private label brand by Safeway. Plaintiff utilized the organic milk produced and sold by Defendant for her own and her family's own consumption. Plaintiff decided to purchase "organic" milk, and indeed paid a premium price for that "organic" milk, because she believed that it contained fewer additives and was healthier for her consumption than non-organic milk.
- 12. Safeway is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Pleasanton, California. Safeway is one of the largest food and drug retailers in North America. As of September 8, 2007, the company operated 520 stores in the State of California, which is more than one-third of its total stores nationwide.
- 13. Safeway sold its "organic" milk to Plaintiff and the Class under its store "O" brand. The "organic" milk was contained in cartons that specifically represented that the milk was certified organic milk, despite the fact that it was not organic. Aurora labels its purportedly organic milk with an organic certified label. This label is supposed to assure consumers that Aurora's milk complies with the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. §§ 6501, et seq.) and its CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT -2-

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implementing regulations (7 C.F.R. Part 205). Plaintiff and the Class Members they represent pay premium prices for Safeway's "organic" milk.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Market for Organic Milk A.

- Safeway is and has been selling milk or milk products that it represents to be 14. "organic," when, in fact, the milk is not organic throughout the time period of December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007 ("class period" or "relevant time period"). Safeway sells this milk to consumers directly using its own brand name "O."
- 15. The market for organic milk has boomed in recent years. According to the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA"), total milk or milk products production in the United States in 2004 was 170 billion pounds. Fluid milk or milk products sales since 1975 have been steady at approximately \$11 billion per year. Currently, organic fluid milk or milk products sales represent about 18% of overall sales. In 2005, total organic dairy sales were approximately \$2 billion. The organic dairy sector is annually growing at an approximate rate of 16%.
- 16. Consumers rely on manufacturers and sellers of milk or milk products to determine what milk is in fact organic. As Aurora Dairy, from which Safeway obtained the milk labeled under its "O" brand, expressly recognizes, "Organic certification is the public's assurance that products have been grown and handled according to strict procedures without persistent toxic chemical inputs." http://www.auroraorganic.com/aodweb/site/itemcontent.aspx?icategoryid=6.

В. Organic Milk Standards

- The USDA has set forth four requirements that must be satisfied for milk to be 17. labeled as "USDA Organic": (a) the milk must not come from cows that have been treated with Bovine Growth Hormone; (b) the milk must not come from cows that have been treated with antibiotics; (c) the milk producing cows must only eat feed that has been grown without pesticides; and (d) the milk must come from cows that have some "access to pasture."
- In order to sell or label an agricultural product as organically produced, the product 18. must be produced and handled in compliance with the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990.

1	("OFPA"), s	ee 7 U.S.C. 6505(a)(1)(A), and the USDA adopted regulations, see 7 C.F.R. Part 205,
2	et seq.	
3	C. Safe	way's Representations Concerning Its Organic Milk
4	19.	By marketing, selling, or otherwise representing that its milk was "organic,"
5	Safeway rep	resented that the milk abides by these laws and regulations and that the milk is
6	"organic."	-
7	20.	Specifically, Safeway included labels on its "O" brand milk that stated, in whole or
8	in part, as fo	llows:
9		Description:
.0		Organic Fat Free Milk Ingredients:
1		Organic Grade A Fat Free Milk, Vitamin A Palmitate, Vitamin D3, Product Attributes:
2		Organic Kosher FatFree
3		Product Details:
.4		Ultra-Pasteurized Vitamins A & D added. USDA Organic. Grade A: Ultra-Pasteurized; Homogenized. Organic from the Source. There's a
15		lot that goes into a good glass of milk. It starts with the land. Our daily pastures are environmentally friendly, maintained with the use
.6		of recognized organic horticultural practices. The dairy cows that produce O Organics Milk enjoy a healthy mix of fresh air, plenty of
7		exercise, clean drinking water and a wholesome, 100% certified organic diet - and they are not given growth hormones or treated
8		with antibiotics. All of these practices support sustainable farming, which is good for the environment, good for the cows and good for
9		the milk. That's why our O Organics Milk tastes like milk should, fresh and pure. To be certified organic, dairy cows must be managed
20		under organic livestock practices at least one year before milking. Their feed must be grown on land that has been under organic
2.1		cultivation practices for a minimum of three years. Certified Organic
22	21.	On the carton of Safeway's O Organics Milk is the following statement:
:3		ORGANICS
24		Organic from the Source
25		There's a lot that goes into a good glass of milk. It starts with the land. Our dairy pastures are environmentally friendly, maintained
.6		with the use of recognized organic horticultural practices. The dairy cows that produce O Organics Milk enjoy a healthy mix of fresh air,
.7		plenty of exercise, clean drinking water and a wholesome, 100% certified organic diet – and they are not given growth hormones or
8		treated with antibiotics.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

All of these practices support sustainable farming, which is good for the environment, good for the cows and good for the milk. That's why our *O* Organics Milk tastes like milk should – fresh and pure.

The carton also states:

ORGANICS

organic

Fat Free Milk

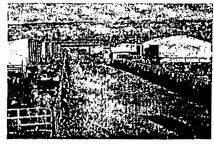
Vitamins A & D Added Grade A • Pasteurized • Homogonized

"To be certified organic, dairy cows, must be managed under organic livestock practices at least on eyear before milking. Their feed must be grown on land that has been under organic cultivation practices for a minimum of three years."

22. However, Safeway's milk was not organic according to Federal law. In fact, Safeway's "organic" milk was produced in large scale factory farms and otherwise failed to comport with Federal law and thus should not have been certified organic.

D. The USDA's Investigation of Safeway's Supplier

- 23. By marketing, selling, or otherwise representing that its milk was "organic," Costco represented that the milk abides by the laws and regulations requiring certain conditions be met before the milk is labeled "organic."
- 24. Aurora was formed by the former owners of Horizon, who sold Horizon to Dean Foods. The sale left Aurora with thousands of milk cows. Aurora then started its Colorado operation which produces 10 million gallons of milk a year. It is in essence a factory-farm model, there is no opportunity for cows to graze, as depicted below:



- 25. Aurora's primary business is selling milk for use in the private-label milk market for Safeway, Costco, Wild Oats and others.
- 26. However, Aurora's milk was not organic according to Federal law. In fact,

 Aurora's "organic" milk was produced in large scale factory farms and otherwise failed to comport
 with Federal law.
- 27. On March 7, 2007, the USDA identified the following "violations by Aurora Organic Dairy," from which Safeway obtained the milk Safeway sold under its own labels, of federal law:
- a. From 2003 through 2006, for dairy animals at its Platteville, Colorado facility, Aurora failed to provide a total feed ration that included pasture, failed to establish and maintain pasture conditions appropriate for minimizing the occurrence and spread of diseases and parasites, and failed to establish and maintain access to pasture, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. §§ 205.237(a), 205.238(a)(3), and 205.239(a)(2);
- b. During the spring and early summer of 2006, Aurora entered conventional dairy animals into organic milk or milk products production at its Dublin, Texas facility before those animals completed the required one-year period of continuous organic management, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.236(a)(2);
- c. From 2003 through 2006, Aurora purchased for its Platteville facility, from Promiseland Livestock in Falcon, Missouri, dairy animals that had been converted from conventional to organic milk or milk products production, and thus had not been under continuous organic management from at least the last third of gestation, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.236(a)(2)(iii);
- d. From on or about July 10, 2004 through on or about September 28, 2005,
 Aurora moved organic dairy animals from its certified Platteville facility to Wells Ranch in Gill,

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Colorado, a non-organic (non-certified) livestock operation for management, and thereafter returned them to the Platteville facility for organic dairy production, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.236(b)(1);

- From February 2005 through March 2006, Aurora moved organic calves e. from its certified Platteville facility to non-organic (non-certified) livestock operations for management, and eventually returned them to the Platteville facility for organic dairy production, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. §§ 205.236(a)(2)(iii) and 205.236(b)(1);
- f. From 2003 through 2006, Aurora used non-organic agricultural products, such as wheat straw and corn stalks, as bedding for organic dairy animals at its Platteville facility, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.239(a)(3);
- From on or about July 27, 2004 through on or about September 30, 2005. g. Aurora routinely caused organic dairy animals from Promiseland Livestock, a certified organic dairy, to be delivered to Wells Ranch, a non-organic livestock operation, for livestock management, before having them delivered to Aurora's Platteville facility for organic dairy production, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.236(b)(1);
- From December 5, 2003 through at least September 7, 2007, Aurora sold, h. labeled and represented its milk or milk products as being organically produced when such milk or milk products were not produced and handled in accordance with the National Organic Program regulations, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. §§ 205.102, 205.200 and 205.400(a);
- i. From on or about October 29, 2003 through on or about March 9, 2006. Aurora failed to notify its certifying agent immediately concerning changes to the operation of its Platteville facility regarding the termination an utilization of off-site facilities, such as Wells Ranch, contracted by Aurora to provide pasture and/or livestock management services, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.400(f)(2);

j.	Aurora failed to include a summary statement, supported by documentation
in the December	29, 2004 and December 28, 2005 Organic System Plans for its Platteville facility
that detailed cha	inges to the previous year's Organic System Plan regarding the termination and
utilization of off	F-site facilities, such as Wells Ranch, contracted by Aurora to provide pasture
and/or livestock	management services, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.406(a)(1)(i);

- k. From 2004 through 2006, Aurora failed to maintain adequate records that disclosed all activities and transaction in sufficient detail as to be readily understood and audited to demonstrate compliance with the OFPA and the National Organic Program regulations concerning pasture arrangements with operations identified by Aurora in its annual Organic System Plan for its Platteville facility, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.103(b);
- l. In the October 29, 2003 and December 29, 2004 Organic System Plans for its Platteville facility, Aurora failed to include a full description of the practices and procedures to be performed by Wells Ranch, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.201(a)(1);
- m. In the December 28, 2005 Organic System Plan for its Platteville facility,
 Aurora failed to include a full description of the practices and procedures to be performed by
 Matsude Farms, Salazar, Cockroft Dairy Farm, and Ray-Glo Dairy, as at its Woodword facility, in
 willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.201(a)(1); and
- n. In the October 29, 2003, December 29, 2004, and December 28, 2005

 Organic System Plans for its Platteville facility, Aurora failed to include a full description of the monitoring practices and procedures to be performed and maintained to verify that its Organic System Plans were effectively implemented with respect to off-site operations contracted by Aurora to provide pasture and/or livestock management services, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.201(a)(3).

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28. On August 23, 2007, Aurora entered into a Consent Agreement with the USDA. This Consent Agreement contained a stipulation for probation. The USDA found that Aurora had not been in compliance with the federal organic food regulations, and placed it on a one year probationary period. The Consent Agreement provided that Aurora was required to remove organic dairy animals "currently present at Platteville that transitioned under the '80/20' rule" from the plant, and instructed that such animals could only be utilized as conventional animals, not certified organic animals. Finally, the Consent Agreement also requires Aurora to address all issues that were raised in the Notice of Proposed Revocation in order for its organic certification not to be revoked.

Document 4

E. Defendant's Illegal Conduct

- Safeway violated, and continues to violate federal and state law (including the applicable regulations by selling its milk as "organic." By mislabeling the milk, Safeway has misled, and continues to mislead Plaintiff and the Class Members into paying a higher price for milk that cannot be sold as "organic."
- 30. The milk that Safeway sold was not organic, despite Defendant's misrepresentations that the milk was, in fact, organic; in that Aurora and thus Safeway had failed to comply with the requirements of the OFPA. See 7 C.F.R. §§ 205.102, et seq., in at least the following ways:
- Safeway represented its milk or milk products as "organic" when, in fact, they were not, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.102;
- Aurora failed to maintain records concerning the production and handling of b. milk or milk products intended to be sold, labeled, or represented as "organic" in a manner which fully disclosed all activities and transactions of the certified operation in sufficient detail as to be readily understood and audited, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.103(b);
- Aurora failed to provide its dairy cows with access to land used for livestock c. grazing that it managed to provide feed value as required by 7 C.F.R. §205.200:
- d. Aurora, intending to sell, label or represent milk or milk products as "organic," failed to comply with the applicable provisions of 7 C.F.R. § 205.200;

	e.	Aurora failed to maintain an accurate organic production or handling system
that includes a	descrip	tion of practices and procedures to be performed and maintained, including
the frequency	with wh	ich they will be performed, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. §205.201(a)(1);

- f. Aurora failed to maintain an accurate organic production or handling system that included a description of the monitoring practices and procedures to be performed and maintained, including the frequency with which they will be performed, to verify that the plan is effectively implemented, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.201(a)(3);
- Aurora, after an entire, distinct herd had been converted to organic g. production, failed to maintain all cows under organic management from the last third of gestation, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. §205.236(a)(2)(iii);
- h. Aurora removed its dairy cows from an organic operation and subsequently managed those cows on a non-organic (non-certified) operation before being sold, labeled, or represented as organically produced, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 206.236(b)(1);
- Aurora failed to provide its dairy cows with a total fee ration composed of agricultural products, including pasture and forage, that are organically produced and, where applicable, organically handled, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. 205.238(a)(3);
- j. Aurora failed to establish and maintain living conditions for its dairy cows which accommodate their health and natural behavior, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.239(a);
- k. Aurora failed to establish appropriate housing, pasture conditions, and sanitation practices for its dairy cows to minimize the occurrence and spread of diseases and parasites, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.238(a)(3);
- Aurora failed to provide its dairy cows with suitable access to the outdoors, 1. shade, shelter, exercise areas, fresh air, and direct sunlight in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.239(a)(1);
- Aurora failed to provide its dairy cows with access to pasture in willful m. violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.239(a)(2);

	n.	Aurora failed to provide its dairy cows with appropriate clean, dry bedding,
which comp	lies with	the feed requirements of § 205.237, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R.

§ 205.239(a)(3);

Case 3:08-cv-00999-MMC

- Aurora failed to provide shelter designed to allow for its dairy cows' natural maintenance, comfort behaviors, and the opportunity to exercise, as required by federal regulation;
- Aurora failed to comply with the Organic Food Production Act of 1990 and applicable organic production and handling regulations of 7 C.F.R. § 205.400(a);
- Aurora failed to immediately notify its certifying agent concerning the application of a prohibited substance to its dairy cows, in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.400(f)(2); and
- Aurora failed to submit to its certifying agent an updated organic production or handling system plan that included a summary statement, supported by documentation, detailing deviations from, changes to, modifications to, or other amendments made to the previous year's organic system plan during the previous year in willful violation of 7 C.F.R. § 205.406(a)(1)(i).
- 31. Defendant Safeway failed to conduct its own inspections and oversight to determine whether Aurora was complying with the laws and/or ignored Aurora's flagrant violations. Its representations about cows having a "healthy mix of fresh air, plenty of exercise," were blatantly false. Thus, despite the violations of federal law and regulations, Safeway marketed and sold the milk or milk products under the "O" brand representing that the milk was organic, when it was not. Defendant's conduct deceived Plaintiff and the Class Members into believing that they were purchasing organic milk when they were not.
- Thus, Safeway directly misrepresented to Plaintiff and the Class Members that the 32. "organic" milk it sold under its own label was certified organic, when it was not. Again, Plaintiff and the Class Members would not have purchased Safeway's milk, and paid the premium for Safeway's milk had they known that Safeway's milk was, in fact non-organic.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS ٧.

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33. Plaintiff seeks certification of a state-wide Consumer Class defined as follows:

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All persons in the State of California who purchased organic milk or milk products from Safeway during the time period of December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007.

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34. Plaintiff is informed and believes that the Class consists of many thousands of persons throughout the State of California, making individual joinder of all Class Members impracticable.

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35. Questions of law and fact are common to the Plaintiff Class and predominate over questions affecting only individual member, including, inter alia, the following:

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Whether the alleged conduct by Defendant violated laws as alleged in this Complaint;

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b. Whether Defendant engaged in unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices by failing to disclose that the milk labeled as organic milk was not organic;

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c. Whether Defendant violated federal and/or state regulations by failing to disclose that the milk labeled as organic milk was not organic;

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d. Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Class were unconscionably induced into purchasing organic milk without adequate disclosures that the milk was not organic;

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e. Whether Defendant violated California law, including the Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"), Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq., §§ 17500, et seq., and/or California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750, et seq.;

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f. Whether Defendant made misrepresentations to Plaintiff and the members of the Class about milk labeled as organic;

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Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to equitable g. and/or injunctive relief;

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Whether Defendant's unlawful, unfair and/or deceptive practices harmed h. Plaintiff and the members of the Class; and

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i. Whether Defendant was unjustly enriched by its deceptive practices.

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36.	Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class Members as described above
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the claims aris	se form the same course of conduct by Safeway and the relief sought is common.

- Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of all Class 37. Members. Plaintiff is represented by counsel competent and experienced in both consumer protection and class action litigation.
- 38. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since joinder of all the individual Class members is impracticable. Furthermore, because the damages suffered, and continued to be suffered, by each individual Class member may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation would make it very difficult or impossible for individual Class members to redress the wrongs done to each of them individually and the burden imposed on the judicial system would be enormous.
- 39. In addition, the prosecution of separate actions by the individual Class members would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual Class members, which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for defendants. In contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents far fewer management difficulties, conserves judicial resources and the parties' resources, and protects the rights of each Class member.

CAUSES OF ACTION VI.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATIONS OF THE CLRA

(Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750, et seq.)

- 40. The preceding paragraphs of this Complaint are realleged and incorporated by reference. Plaintiff asserts this claim for violations of the CLRA on behalf of herself and the members of the Class.
- 41. Plaintiff and the members of the Class are consumers who purchase goods (food products) from Defendant for personal, family, or household purposes.
- 42. Representing that goods (including food products) have approval, characteristics, uses, or benefits which they do not have and advertising goods with intent not to sell them as

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advertised constitute unfair or deceptive trade practices under the provisions of the CLRA, C	al
Civ. Code §§ 1770(a)(5), (9), (14) and (17).	

- Plaintiff and the members of the Class have all been directly and proximately 43. injured by Defendant's conduct, and such injury includes the purchase of milk labeled as organic, but which was not organic, that they would not have purchased were they truthfully and fully informed of material facts concerning the fact that the milk was not organic.
- 44. Pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1780(a), Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Defendant from engaging in the methods, acts, or practices alleged herein. Pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1782, if Defendant does not rectify its illegal acts within 30 days, Plaintiff intends to amend this complaint to add claims for: a) actual damages; b) restitution of money to Plaintiff and class members; c) punitive damages; d) attorneys' fees and costs; and e) other relief that this Court deems proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

FALSE AND MISLEADING ADVERTISING

(Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq.)

- 45. The preceding paragraphs of this Complaint are realleged and incorporated by reference. Plaintiff asserts this claim for violations of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq. on behalf of himself and the members of the Class.
- 46. In violation of Section 17500, in connection with its sales of non-organic milk, Defendant made or disseminated statements which are untrue or misleading, and which Defendant knew (or by the exercise of reasonable care should have known) to be untrue or misleading.
- 47. As a result of the violations of California law alleged herein, Defendant has been, and will be, unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff, the members of the Class and the general public. Specifically, Defendant has been unjustly enriched by their receipt of monies from consumers who purchased milk labeled organic that was not organic which is advertised and/or otherwise marketed in this State, and is promoted and sold by Defendant through advertising and marketing materials containing the false and misleading statements alleged herein.

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48. Pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17535, Plaintiff requests that this Court enter such orders or judgments as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any money which may have been acquired by means of such unfair competition, and for such other relief as set forth below.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

- 49. The preceding paragraphs of this Complaint are realleged and incorporated by reference. Plaintiff asserts this claim for negligent misrepresentation on behalf of himself and the members of the Class.
- Defendant owed a duty to Plaintiff and members of the Class to exercise reasonable 50. case in making representations about organic milk.
- 51. These representations were negligently and recklessly made to potential customers and the general public through uniform misbranding, concealment and non-disclosure, through mass media and point-of-sale advertising, and through other information prepared or disseminated by Defendant. As a direct and proximate result of these misrepresentations, omissions and concealment, Plaintiff and the Class members have been damaged in and amount to be proven at trial.
- 52. Defendant at all times knew that Plaintiff and the Class members relied (or should be presumed to have relied) upon the labeling and lack of labeling provided by Defendant, and the materiality of such labeling is established as a matter of state and federal Law. Defendant's concealment, misbranding and non-disclosure were intended to influence consumers' purchasing decisions and were done with reckless disregard for the rights of consumers. Plaintiff's and Class members' reliance was reasonably foreseeable by Defendant.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

COMMON LAW UNJUST ENRICHMENT

53. This Cause of Action is pled in the alternative to all contract-based claims and/or causes of action at law.

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

factor in the decision of Plaintiff and the Class Members to purchase the milk or the milk products. - 16 -

65.	Due to its conduct alleged herein, Defendant	's "organic" milk or milk products
failed to confo	orm to each of these warranties.	

- As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff and the Class Members have been 66. damaged.
- Within a reasonable time after Plaintiff and the Class Members knew or should have 67, known of the failure to conform, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, placed Defendant on notice thereof.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(California's Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq.)

- The preceding paragraphs of this Complaint are realleged and incorporated by 68. reference. Plaintiff asserts this claim for violations of California's UCL, Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq., on behalf of himself and the members of the Class.
- 69. Defendant's statements and representations constitute unfair, unlawful and deceptive trade practices that have the capacity to and do deceive consumers, in violation of the UCL.
- 70. All of the wrongful conduct alleged herein occurs and continues to occur in the conduct of Defendant's business. Defendant's wrongful conduct is part of a pattern or generalized course of conduct that is repeated in the State of California on hundreds, if not thousands, of occasions daily.
- 71. Plaintiff has suffered injury in fact and has lost money or property as a result of Defendant's unfair, unlawful and/or deceptive practices by paying a higher price for milk labeled as organic that was not organic.
- 72. Plaintiff requests that this Court enter such orders or judgments as may be necessary to enjoin the Defendant from continuing its unfair, unlawful, and/or deceptive practices, to restore to any person in interest any money which may have been acquired by means of such unfair competition and to disgorge any profits realized by Defendant as a result of its unfair, unlawful and/or deceptive practices, as provided in Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203 and Cal. Civ.

Code § 3345, and for such other relief as set forth in the Prayer for Relief.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf all others similarly situated, respectfully requests that this Court enter a judgment against Defendant and in favor of Plaintiff, and grant the following relief:

- A. Determine that this action may be maintained as a Class action with respect to a state-wide Consumer Class; that the court certify a class action with respect to particular issues if appropriate, and that the Court designate and appoint Plaintiff and her counsel to serve as Class Representative and Class Counsel;
- B. Declare, adjudge and decree the conduct of the Defendant as alleged herein to be unlawful, unfair and/or deceptive;
- C. Grant Plaintiff and all Class Members awards of actual, compensatory, punitive and/or exemplary damages in such amount to be determined at trial and as provided by applicable law;
- D. Restore to Plaintiff and all Class Members all money or property which may have been acquired by means of such unfair competition and disgorgement all profits received by Defendant due to its unlawful, unfair and/or deceptive practices;
- E. An injunction ordering Defendant to stop the unlawful, unfair and deceptive conduct alleged herein;
- F. Grant Plaintiff and all Class Members awards of statutory damages, attorney's fees and costs;
- G. Grant Plaintiff and the Class Members their costs of suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees, and expenses as provided by law; and
- H. Grant Plaintiff and the Class Members such other, further, and different relief as the nature of the case may require or as may be determined to be just, equitable, and proper by this Court.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY 1 Plaintiff, by counsel, requests a trial by jury on those causes of actions set forth herein. 2 3 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP DATED: January 11, 2008 4 5 SHANA E. SCARLETT 6 715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 202 7 Berkeley, CA 94710 Telephone: (510) 725-3000 Facsimile: (510) 725-3001 8 shanas@hbsslaw.com 9 Steve W. Berman 10 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 1301 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900 11 Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 623-7292 Facsimile: (206) 623-0594 12 steve@hbsslaw.com 13 Elizabeth A. Fegan 14 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 820 North Boulevard, Suite B Oak Park, IL 60301 15 Telephone: (708) 776-5600 Facsimile: (708) 776-5601 16 beth@hbsslaw.com 17 Attorneys for Plaintiff 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 - 19 -CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT 2

1 LATHAM & WATKINS LLP Viviann C. Stapp (Bar No. 233036) 2 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000 San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 391-0600 Facsimile: (415) 395-8095 3 Email: viviann.stapp@lw.com 5 Attorney for Defendant Safeway Inc. 6 7 8 9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE 10 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 12 13 THEADORA KING, individually, and CASE NO: 14 on behalf of those similarly situated, 15 Plaintiff, 16 SAFEWAY INC.'S 17 v. **LOCAL RULE 3-14 NOTICE OF** 18 SAFEWAY INC., PENDENCY OF OTHER ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS 19 Defendant. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 CH\1006575.3 Safeway Inc.'s Local Rule 3-14 Notice of Pendency of Other Actions or Proceedings 1

Page 37 of 60

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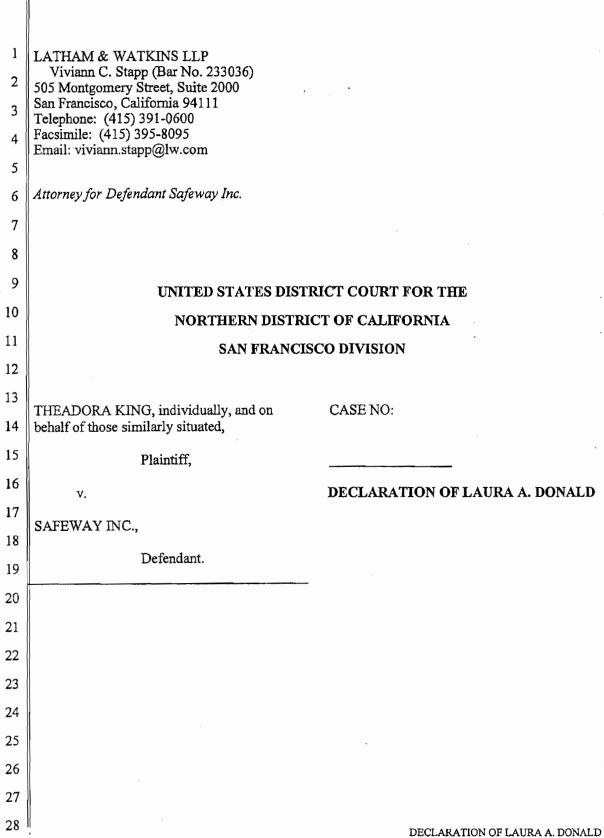
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6	PARTIES	COURT
7	Plaintiffs: Kristine Mothershead and Leonie Lloyd,	E.D. Missouri, Eastern Division
8	individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No. 4:07-cv-01701-CAS
9	Defendant:	
10	Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	
11	Plaintiffs:	S.D. Florida, Southern Division
12	Maya Fiallos, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No. 1:07-cv-22748-AJ
13	Defendant:	
14	Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	
15	Plaintiffs: Rebecca and Fernando Freyre, on behalf	D. Colorado
16	of themselves and all others similarly situated	Case No. 1:07-cv-02183-EWN-CBS
17	Defendant:	
18	Aurora Dairy Corporation	<u> </u>
19	Plaintiffs: Mona Still, Helen Phillips, Eve Hana,	D. Colorado
20	Jeanmarie Zirger, Kim King, Noelle Fincham, Oksana Jensen, Gabriela	Case No. 1:07-cv-02188-WDM
21	Waschewsky, Laurelanne Davis, Debbie Millikan, Joan Scheutz, Sandie Regan,	
22	Steve Shriver, Mary Elbertai, Eileen Ptak, Cynthia Roche-Cotter, Kristen	
23	Finnegan, Amy Forsman, Joy Beckner,	
24	Naomi Mardock, Olive Knaus, Liana Hoodes, Donita Robinson, Ilene Rachford, Lisa Hopkins, Caryn Poirier,	
25	Erin Diserens, Tammy Coselli, Debra Haines, Debra Schmidt, Hans Kueck	
26	Defendant:	
27	Aurora Dairy Corporation, d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	
28		

PARTIES	COURT
Plaintiff:	N.D. California
Brenda Gallardo, an individual	Case No. 3:07-cv-05331-MJJ
Defendant: Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	a
Plaintiffs:	S.D. New York
Hillary White and Lynn Michalson, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No. 07-CIV-9418
Defendant: Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	a
Plaintiffs:	E.D. New York
Ilsa Lee Kaye, individually and on beh of all others similarly situated	Case No. 2:07-cv-04425-DRH-ETB
Defendant: Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	a ·
Plaintiffs:	D. Colorado
Elizabeth Cockrell, individually and or behalf of all others similarly situation	Case No. 1:07-cv-02285-LTB
Defendant: Aurora Dairy Corporation d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	ı
Plaintiffs:	D. Colorado
Jim Snell, Steve Clark, John Barrera, Joseph Villari, Elida Gollomp, Claire N	A. Case No. 07-cv-02449
Joseph Villari, Elida Gollomp, Claire N Theodore and Elisabeth Banse, on beha of themselves and all other similarly	alf
situated	
Defendants: Aurora Dairy Corporation, d/b/a Auror Organic Dairy, Wild Oats Market Inc.	a
Organic Dairy, Wild Oats Market, Inc., Costco Wholesale Corporation, Safewa Inc., Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	у
Plaintiffs:	D. Colorado
Margot A. West, and Richard E. Ehly, individually and on behalf of a class of	Case No. 1:07-cv-02625-JLK
all others similarly situated	
Defendant:	
Aurora Dairy Corporation, d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy	a
H\\1006575.3	Safeway Inc.'s Local Rule 3-14 Notice of Po
	2 of Other Actions or Pro

1	PARTIES	COURT
2	Plaintiff:	S.D. Indiana
3	Fayetta Cowan	Case No. 08-cv-00157-RLY-WTL
4	Defendants: Aurora Dairy Corporation, d/b/a Aurora Organic Dairy and Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	
5	Plaintiff:	W.D. Washington (Seattle)
6 7	Channing Hesse, individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated	Case No. 07-cv-01975-MJP
8	Defendant: Costco Wholesale Corporation	
9	Plaintiff:	N.D. California (San Francisco)
10	Shawn Riley, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No. 07-cv-06174-JCS
11	Defendant: Safeway Inc.	
12	Plaintiffs:	D. Minnesota (St. Paul)
13	Patrick and Caryn Hudspeth, individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated	Case No. 07-cv-04755-PJS-JJG
14	all others similarly situated	
15	Defendant: Target Corp.	
16	Plaintiff:	D. Colorado (Denver)
17 18	Vicki M. Tysseling-Mattiace, individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated	Case No. 07-cv-02622-WYD-BNB
19	Defendant: Wild Oats Markets, Inc.	
20	Plaintiff:	E.D. Arkansas (Little Rock)
21	Paul Bowen, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No.
22	Defendant: Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	08-cv-00010-JLH
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28	CUN1004525 2	Cofement to the total and the
	CH/1006575.3	Safeway Inc.'s Local Rule 3-14 Notice of Pendency of Other Actions or Proceedings

EXHIBIT 3



I, Laura A. Donald, do hereby declare as follo
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- I am Assistant Vice President and Assistant Secretary at Safeway Inc. ("Safeway"). I make this declaration based upon my personal knowledge and review of available documentation.
- I am knowledgeable concerning the amount and value of Safeway's sales of milk provided to Safeway by Aurora Dairy Corporation ("Aurora").
- I am also knowledgeable concerning the location of Safeway retail stores in
- During the class period alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint (i.e., December 5, 2003 through October 15, 2007), Safeway sold more than \$5 million worth of milk supplied by Aurora in California, as measured by the retail price members of the proposed class would have paid.
- Safeway has many stores in California which are close to, or encroach upon, the borders of other states (e.g., Lake Tahoe, California). These stores obtained organic milk supplied by Aurora through Safeway's distribution center in California. Citizens of other states (e.g., Nevada) purchase milk from these stores.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Dated: February 19, 2008

Aura A. Donald

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EXHIBIT 4

				.ecves3e.
Attorney or Party without Attorney;	206			For Court Use Unity
SHANA E. SCARLETT ESQ, Bar #2178 HAGENS, BERMAN, SOBOL, SHAPIR				1 1
1. 715 HEARST AVENUE, STE 202	.U.s			,
BERKELEY, CA 94710				FIFD
	lo: 510-725-3001			ALAMEDA COUNTY
1		Ref. No. or File No.:		THENINEDA GOOMIT
Attorney for: Plaintiff		10004-11		JAN 2 2 2008
Insert name of Court, and Judicial District and Bras	nch Court:			V. 7 6 1.
ALAMEDA County SUPERIOR Court N	ORTHERN DIVI	SION Branch	CL	ERWANCHE SUBMICHOUNT
Plainity: KING			Ву	
Defendant: SAFEWAY				Deput
PROOF OF SERVICE	Hearing Date:	Time:	Dept/Div:	Case Number:
SUMMONS & COMPLAINT				RG08365602
1 At the time of service I was at least 18	sare of and and no	t a nasti ta this acti	AM	

- 2. I served copies of the SUMMONS (AND) COMPLAINT; , CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET
- 3. a. Party served:

SAFEWAY, INC.

b. Person served:

BECKY DEGEORGE, AGENT FOR SERVICE

4. Address where the party was served:

CSC

2730 GATEWAY OAKS DRIVE, STE 100

SACRAMENTO, CA 95833

5. I served the party:

- a. by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to the party or person authorized to receive service of process for the party (1) on: Thu., Jan. 17, 2008 (2) at: 2:05PM
- 6. The "Notice to the Person Served" (on the Summons) was completed as follows: a. as an individual defendant
- 7. Person Who Served Papers: a. PHIL OLIVAS

1280 BOULEVARD WAY #205

WALNUT CREEK, CA 94595 (925) 947-3470 FAX (925) 947-3480 WWW.ONEHOUR.NET

Recoverable Cost Per CCP 1033.5(a)(4)(B)

d. The Fee for Service was: \$74.60

e. 1 am: (3) registered California process server

(i) Employee

(ii) Registration No.:

#93-027

(iii) County:

SACRAMENTO

8. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date:Fri, Jan. 18, 2008

Judicial Council Form POS-010 Rule 2.150.(a) & (b) Rev January 1, 2007

SUMMONS & COMPLAINT

hagess.10134

•		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar Shana E. Scarlett, SBN 217895	r humber, and address):	*6047659* CM-010
Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP 715 Hearst Ave., Suite 202		-
TELEPHONE NO.: (510) 725-3000 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiff Teddy King	FAX NO: (510) 725-3001	i .
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF A		FILED
STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon St. MAILING ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon St. CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland, CA 94612		ALAMEDA COUNTY
BRANCH NAME: René C. Davidson A	lameda County Courthouse	JAN 1 1 2008
CASE NAME:		CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COUNT
King v. Safeway, Inc. CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	YY
✓ Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	Me Chilinephily
(Amount (Amount demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defer	ndant JUDGE:
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402	2) DEPT:
	low must be completed (see instructions	s on page 2).
Check one box below for the case type the Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other collections (09) Insurance coverage (18)	Construction defect (10) Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Other PI/PD/WD (23) Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Business tort/unfair business practice (07	Other real property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Defamation (13)	Commercial (31)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32) Drugs (38)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19) Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	
2. This case is is not com	Other judicial review (39)	Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial mana		toles of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
a. Large number of separately repre	sented parties d Large numb	er of witnesses
b. Extensive motion practice raising		with related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consuming c. Substantial amount of documentations.		nties, states, or countries, or in a federal court postjudgment Judicial supervision
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a		declaratory or Injunctive relief c. punitive lisrep., Unjust enrich., Breach Exp. Warr.
5. This case is is is not a class		isrep., Orgast enrien., Breach Exp. Wair.
6. If there are any known related cases, file a		may use form CM-015.)
Date:	. ~!	dank at The
Shana E. Scarlett		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	NOTICE	SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
		ng (except small claims cases or cases filed les of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
 File this cover sheet in addition to any cov If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et 	er sheet required by local court rule. seq. of the California Rules of Court, yo	u must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
 other parties to the action or proceeding. Unless this is a collections case under rule 	3.740 or a complex case, this cover sh	eet will be used for statistical purposes only.
Form Adopted for Mandalory Use	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Fage 1 of 2 Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400-3.403, 3.740;

Judicial Council of California CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]

clei Administration, etd. 3.10 www.courtinfo.ca.gov American Legal Net, Inc. www.Forms.Worldfow.com

Deputy

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

Safeway, Inc.

ALAMEDA COUNTY

JAN 1 1 2008

LERK OF THE SPRENOR COURT

CASE NUMBER: 40 8 3 6 5 6 0 2

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Theadora King

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee walver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia el demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formeto legal correcto si desca que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de Califomia (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/seifhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos pera obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitlo web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfnelp/espanolf) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

René C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

1225 Fallon St.,

Oakland, CA 94612

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:
(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

Shana E. Scarlett, Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro, LLP,

715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 202, Berkeley, CA 94710

715 Hearst Avenue, Suite	202, Berkeley, CA 94710	· 1	a lim
DATE: JAN 1 1 2008	PAT S. SWEETEN	Clerk, by(Secretario)	Deputy (Adjunto)
	mons, use Proof of Service of Su e citation use el formulario Proof of NOTICE TO THE PERSON SEI 1 as an individual defenc 2 as the person sued uno	of Service of Summons, (POS-0 RVED: You are served	
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		• ·	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
O. ALAM	other (specify). 4. by personal delivery on	:	CCP 416.90 (authorized person)

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 (Rev. January 1, 2004)

SUMMONS

Cade of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 485

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	1 2	Shana E. Scarlett (217895) HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 202 Berkeley, CA 94710	FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY		
	3 4 5	Telephone: (510) 725-3000 Facsimile: (510) 725-3001 shanas@hbsslaw.com Steve W. Berman HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP	JAN 2 2 2008 CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By Deputy		
	6 7 8	1301 Eifth Avenue, Suite 2900 Seattle,: WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 623-7292 Facsimile: (206) 623-0594 steve@hbsslaw.com			
	9 10	Elizabeth A. Fegan HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 820 North Boulevard, Suite B Oak Park, IL 60301 Telephone: (708) 776-5600			
	12 13	Facsimile: (708) 776-5601 beth@hbsslaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff			
	14 15 16	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF	•		
	17	THEADORA KING, individually and on behalf) of all others similarly situated,)			
	19 20 21	Plaintiff,) v.) SAFEWAY, INC.,	PROOF OF SERVICE		
	22 23	Defendant.	Hon. Cecilia P. Castellanos		
ORIGINAL	24 25 26				
ORI	27 28				

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PROOF OF SERVICE - RG 08365602

I, the undersigned, declare:

- 1. That declarant is and was, at all times herein mentioned, a citizen of the United States and is employed in the city of Berkeley, California, over the age of 18 years, and not a party to or interested in the within action; that declarant's business address is 715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 202, Berkeley, California 94710.
- 2. That on January 22, 2008, declarant served the following documents by overnight delivery by placing a true copy thereof in a sealed envelope addressed to the parties listed on the attached Service List:
 - Notice of Case Management Conference and Order;
 - Notice of Judicial Assignment for All Purposes
- That there is a regular communication by mail between the place of mailing and the places so addressed.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 22nd day of January, 2008, at Berkeley, California.

KIRSTEN ERICKSON

King v. Safeway, Inc.
Superior Court of California, County of Alameda
Case No. RG 08365602
January 22, 2008

Counsel for Defendant Safeway, Inc.

Registered Agent:

Corporation Service Company 2730 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 100 Sacramento, CA 95833

r	Hafens Berma Attn: Scarlet 715 Hearst A	•	٦	Γ	٦
	Ste 202	.40			
L	Berkeley, CA	94710	7	L	1
_		Superior Court	of Califo	rnia, County	of Alameda
	King	Plaintiff/I VS.	Petitioner(s)	NOTICE CONF	No. RG08365602 OF CASE MANAGEMENT ERENCE AND ORDER nlimited Jurisdiction
3	afeway, Inc.	Defendant/Re	espondent(s)	0.	admined Jansaichon
No		ES AND TO THEIR AT nat a Case Management (Department: 18 Location: Administra Third Floo 1221 Oak S Internet: http://www	Conference hation Buildin r Street, Oakla	nas been scheduled og and CA 94612	Judge: Cecilia P. Castellanos Clerk: May Choo Clerk telephone: (510) 267-6934 E-mail: Dept.18@alameda.courts.ca.gov Fax: (510) 267-1506
1.	days b. Give c. Meet no la d. File:	of the filing of the complainotice of this conference than denfer, in person or the than 30 calendar days than derve a completed Cast 110 is mandatory) at least 1	int (CRC 3.11 o any party n by telephone, before the date Manageme 15 days before	of service on those of 10(b)); ot included in this to consider each of e set for the Case Mont Conference State the Case Manager	ement (use of Judicial Council Form ment Conference (CRC 3.725)
2,	under CRC 2. Management including strik	 The hearing on the Or Conference. Sanctions making pleadings or dismissing 	der to Show of the street of the section.	Cause re: Sanctions netary sanctions an	ise why you should not be sanctioned is will be at the same time as the Case d any other sanction permitted by law,
3. 4.	You are furthe Conference no The Direct Ca a. Refer b. Dism c. Settir	er ordered to appear in persoticed above. You must be to allendar Judge Will issue ord ring to ADR and setting arissing or severing claims ong a trial date.	son* (or throughly fallers at the corn ADR compler parties	igh your attorney of miliar with the case aclusion of the conf letion date	f record) at the Case Management e and fully authorized to proceed. erence that should include:
cal	lependent vendo	or, at least 3 business days p	orior to the so	heduled conference	vailable by contacting CourtCall, an e. Parties may make arrangements by service is subject to charges by the
plac	ing copies in envelop	ng is true and correct: I am the cler	k of the above-na then by sealing a	nd placing them for colle	y to this cause. I served this Notice of Hearing by ction, stamping or metering with prepaid postage,
	E	Executed on 01/17/2008.			
			Ву	Bright.	
			-1		Deputy Clerk

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda



Notice of Judicial Assignment for All Purposes

Case Number: RG08365602

Case Title: King VS Safeway, Inc.

Date of Filing: 01/11/2008

TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

This case is hereby assigned for all purposes to:

Judge:

Cecilia P. Castellanos

Department:

18

Address:

Administration Building

1221 Oak Street

Oakland CA 94612

Phone Number:

(510) 267-6934

Fax Number:

(510) 267-1506

Email Address:

Dept.18@alameda.courts.ca.gov

Under direct calendaring, this case is assigned to a single judge for all purposes including trial.

Please note: In this case, any challenge pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure §170.6 must be exercised within the time period provided by law. (See Govt. Code 68616(i); Motion Picture and Television Fund Hosp. v. Superior Court (2001) 88 Cal.App.4th 488, 494; and Code Civ. Proc. §1013.)

IT IS THE DUTY OF EACH PLAINTIFF AND CROSS COMPLAINANT TO SERVE A COPY OF THIS NOTICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL RULE 3.135.

General Procedures

All pleadings and other documents must be filed in the clerk's office at any court location except when the Court permits the lodging of material directly in the assigned department. All documents, with the exception of the original summons and the original civil complaint, shall have clearly typed on the face page of each document, under the case number, the following:

ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO JUDGE Cecilia P. Castellanos DEPARTMENT 18 Court, which are available at www.courtinfo.ca.gov.

The parties are always encouraged to consider using various alternatives to litigation, including mediation and arbitration, prior to the Initial Case Management Conference. The Court may refer parties to alternative dispute resolution resources.

Schedule for Department 18

The following scheduling information is subject to change at any time, without notice. Please contact the department at the phone number or email address noted above if you have questions.

- Trials generally are held: Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays from 9:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
- Case Management Conferences are held: Initial Case Management Conferences: Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays at 8:30 a.m.
- Case Management Conference Continuances: Monday through Friday at 8:45 a.m.
- Law and Motion matters are heard: Tuesdays at 4:00 p.m. and Fridays at 1:30 p.m.
- Settlement Conferences are heard: Fridays at 9:30 a.m.
- Ex Parte matters are heard: Tuesdays and Thursdays at 9:00 a.m.

Law and Motion Procedures

To obtain a hearing date for a Law and Motion or ex parte matter, parties must contact the department as follows:

Motion Reservations

Email:

Dept.18@alameda.courts.ca.gov

For all Law & Motion reservations, email Department 18 at the email address provided or fax the request to (510) 267-6990

Ex Parte Matters

Email:

Dept.18@alameda.courts.ca.gov

FAX:

(510)267-6990

Tentative Rulings

The court will issue tentative rulings in accordance with the Local Rule 3.30(c). Tentative rulings will become the Court's order unless contested. Tentative rulings will be available at:

Website: www.alameda.courts.ca.gov/domainweb, Calendar Information for Dept. 18

Phone: 1-866-223-2244

Dated: 01/16/2008

Executive Officer / Clerk of the Superior Court

Deputy Clerk

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I certify that the following is true and correct: I am the clerk of the above-named court and not a party to this cause. I served this Notice by placing copies in envelopes addressed as shown on the attached Notice of Initial Case Management Conference and then by sealing and placing them for collection, stamping or metering with prepaid postage, and mailing on the date stated below, in the United States mail at Alameda County, California, following standard court practices.

Executed on 01/17/2008

Deputy Clerk

PROOF OF SERVICE

I am employed in the County of San Francisco, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is Latham & Watkins LLP, 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000, San Francisco, California 94111.

On February 19, 2008, I served the following documents described as:

SAFEWAY INC.'S NOTICE OF REMOVAL WITH EXHIBITS AND CIVIL COVER SHEET

SAFEWAY INC.'S CERTIFICATION OF INTERESTED ENTITIES AND F.R.C.P. 7.1 DISCLOSURES

SAFEWAY INC.'S LOCAL RULE 3-14 NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF OTHER ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS

by serving a true copy of the above-described document in the following manner:

BY U.S. MAIL

I am familiar with the office practice of Latham & Watkins LLP for collecting and processing documents for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Under that practice, documents are deposited with the Latham & Watkins LLP personnel responsible for depositing documents with the United States Postal Service; such documents are delivered to the United States Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary course of business, with postage thereon fully prepaid. I deposited in Latham & Watkins LLP's interoffice mail a sealed envelope or package containing the above-described document and addressed as set forth below in accordance with the office practice of Latham & Watkins LLP for collecting and processing documents for mailing with the United States Postal Service.

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of, or permitted to practice before, this Court at whose direction the service was made and declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 19, 2008, at San Francisco, California.

Viviann C. Stapp

SERVICE LIST

Shana E. Scarlett	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP	
715 Hearst Ave., Suite 202	
Berkeley, CA 94710	
Steve W. Berman	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP	
1301 5th Ave., Suite 2900	
Seattle, WA 98101	
Elizabeth A. Fegan	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP	
820 North Blvd., Suite B	
Oak Park, IL 60301	
Oak Park, IL 60301	· [

PROOF OF SERVICE

I am employed in the County of San Francisco, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is Latham & Watkins LLP, 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000, San Francisco, California 94111.

On February 20, 2008, I served the following documents described as:

SAFEWAY INC.'S PROOF OF SERVICE OF NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

by serving a true copy of the above-described document in the following manner:

BY U.S. MAIL

I am familiar with the office practice of Latham & Watkins LLP for collecting and processing documents for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Under that practice, documents are deposited with the Latham & Watkins LLP personnel responsible for depositing documents with the United States Postal Service; such documents are delivered to the United States Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary course of business, with postage thereon fully prepaid. I deposited in Latham & Watkins LLP's interoffice mail a sealed envelope or package containing the above-described document and addressed as set forth below in accordance with the office practice of Latham & Watkins LLP for collecting and processing documents for mailing with the United States Postal Service.

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of, or permitted to practice before, this Court at whose direction the service was made and declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 20, 2008, at San Francisco, California.

Sheila Wolohan Sheila Wolohan

Shana E. Scarlett Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP 715 Hearst Ave., Suite 202 Berkeley, CA 94710	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
Steve W. Berman Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP 1301 5th Ave., Suite 2900 Seattle, WA 98101	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
Elizabeth A. Fegan Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP 820 North Blvd., Suite B Oak Park, IL 60301	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF